Federal Communications Commission

§87.171 Class of station symbols.

The two or three letter symbols for the classes of station in the aviation services are:

Symbol and class of station

AX—Aeronautical fixed

AXO—Aeronautical operational fixed DGP—Differential GPS

FA—Aeronautical land (unspecified)

FAU—Aeronautical advisory (unicom)

FAC—Airport control tower

FAM—Aeronautical multicom

FAR—Aeronautical search and rescue

FAS—Aviation support

FAT—Flight test

FAW-Automatic weather observation

GCO—Ground Communication Outlet

MA-Aircraft (Air carrier and Private)

MA1-Air carrier aircraft only MA2—Private aircraft only

MOU—Aeronautical utility mobile MRT—ELT test

RCO—Remote Communications Outlet

RL—Radionavigation land (unspecified)

RLA—Marker beacon

RLB-Radiobeacon RLD-RADAR/TEST

RLG-Glide path

BLL-Localizer

RLO—VHF omni-range

RLS—Surveillance radar

RLT—Radionavigation land test

RLW-Microwave landing system

RNV—Radio Navigation Land/DME

RPC—Ramp Control

TJ-Aircraft earth station in the Aeronautical Mobile-Satellite Service

UAT-Universal Access Transceiver

[53 FR 28940, Aug. 1, 1988, as amended at 57 FR 45750, Oct. 5, 1992; 64 FR 27475, May 20, 1999; 69 FR 32882, June 14, 2004; 71 FR 70676, Dec. 6, 2006; 76 FR 17351, Mar. 29, 2011]

§87.173 Frequencies.

- (a) The table in paragraph (b) of this section lists assignable carrier frequencies or frequency bands.
- (1) The single letter symbol appearing in the "Subpart" column indicates the subpart of this part which contains additional applicable regulations.
- (2) The two or three letter symbol appearing in the "Class of Station" column indicates the class of station to which the frequency is assignable.
 - (b) Frequency table:

Frequency or fre- quency band	Subpart	Class of station	Remarks
90–110 kHz	Q	RL	LORAN "C".
190-285 kHz	Q	RLB	Radiobeacons.
200-285 kHz	0	FAC	Air traffic control.
325-405 kHz	0	FAC	Air traffic control.
325-435 kHz	Q	RLB	Radiobeacons.
410.0 kHz	F	MA	International direction-finding for use outside of United States.
457.0 kHz	F	MA	Working frequency for aircraft on over-water flights.
500.0 kHz	F	MA	International calling and distress frequency for ships
			and aircraft on over-water flights.
510-535 kHz	Q	RLB	Radiobeacons.
2182.0 kHz	F	MA	International distress and calling.
2648.0 kHz	1	AX	Alaska station.
2850.0-3025.0 kHz	I	MA, FAE	International HF.
2851.0 kHz		MA, FAE, FAT	International HF; Flight Test.
2866.0 kHz		MA, FAE	Domestic HF; (Alaska).
2875.0 kHz		MA, FAE	Domestic HF.
2878.0 kHz	ļ	MA1, FAE	Domestic HF; International HF.
2911.0 kHz	I	MA, FAE	Domestic HF.
2956.0 kHz	1	MA, FAE	Domestic HF.
3004.0 kHz	I, J	MA, FAE, FAT	International HF; Flight Test.
3019.0 kHz	1	MA1, FAE	Domestic HF; International HF.
3023.0 kHz		MA1, FAR, FAC	Search and rescue communications.
3281.0 kHz	К	MA, FAS	Lighter-than-air craft and aeronautical stations serving
			lighter-than-air craft.
3400.0-3500.0 kHz		MA, FAE	International HF.
3434.0 kHz	ļ	MA1, FAE	Domestic HF.
3443.0 kHz	J	MA, FAT	Flight Test.
3449.0 kHz	ļ	MA, FAE	Domestic HF.
3470.0 kHz	<u></u>	MA, FAE	Domestic HF; International HF.
4125.0 kHz		MA	Distress and safety with ships and coast stations.
4550.0 kHz	ļ	AX	Gulf of Mexico.
4645.0 kHz		AX	Alaska.
4650.0–4700.0 kHz	ļ	MA, FAE	International HF.
4672.0 kHz		MA1, FAE	Domestic HF.
4947.5 kHz		AX	Alaska.
5036.0 kHz	I I	AX	Gulf of Mexico.